Hallam: Conversation tactics

The CCL: Conversation Tactics Checklist (shortened version).

Instructions: In certain situations it is much more difficult to hold a conversation with another person because you cannot hear or make out what is being said. This could happen if you or your conversational partner has a hearing impairment but everyone experiences this difficulty at one time or another. For instance, in the presence of traffic noise or loud music it may become difficult to hear or talk. There are various ways of coping with this difficulty and these "conversation tactics" are listed below.

Please answer each question according to how frequently you employ thes tactics when holding a conversation becomes difficult because you are unable to hear or communicate.

All of these items refer to what you do about the situation. If you believe that the tactic doesn't apply to you at all, please check off "never use".

۱.	Try to move with the talker to a quieter place.	□ NEVER		THIS TACT	
2.	Give up trying to understand and switch off.	□ NEVER	RARELY	□ SOMETIMES	USUALLY
	Ask the talker to show his or her face when speaking.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
4.	Remind a talker that shouting does not help.	□ NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
5.	Give more information to make sure the other person understands.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
6.	Ask the talker to say something in a different way.	. 🗆 NEVER	□ RARELY	□ SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
7.	Ask the talker to speak more clearly.				

		NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
	8. Pretend to understand what the talker is saying.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
	9. Make sure you can see the talker's face clearly.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
	10. Turn off any external noise or shut window, etc.	□ NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
	11. Ask the talker to tell what the subject of the conversation will be about.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
,	12. Speak clearly.	□ NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
	13. Ask the talker to write down important information or unusual words e.g. names of people.		□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
	14. Replay in your mind what you have just heard and try to piece together the sounds.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
	15. Use visual clues – watch the lips of the speaker.	□ NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
	16. Make the minimum amount of effort and withdraw into your own thoughts.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
	17. Use gestures or sign language.		□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	

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18.	Take note of facial expressions and gestures.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
19.	Ask a talker to catch your attention before speaking to you.	□ NEVER	RARELY	□ SOMETIMES	USUALLY
20.	Move closer to the talker.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
21.	Keep calm and unflustered when you miss one thing, so as not to miss the next.	□ NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
22.	Catch the other person's eye before speaking.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
23.	Take note of what the person is doing or looking at.	□ NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
24.	Ask the talker to speak more slowly.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
25.	Repeat back to the talker what you think you have just heard.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
26.	Ask the talker to repeat what they said.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
27.	End the conversation if the other person looks irritated.				

		NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
28.	Ask the talker to speak more loudly.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
29.	Get irritated with the other person.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
30.	Avoid having the conversation altogether if you think it will be difficult.	□ NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
31.	Decide that what you are saying is not important enough to keep repeating it.	□ NEVER	RARELY	□ SOMETIMES	USUALLY
32.	Ask a quietly spoken talker to speak more loudly.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
33.	Smile if you are following, frown or look puzzled if you are not.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
34.	Deliberately ignore the other person until he or she communicates more effectively.	□ NEVER	☐ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
35.	Ask a talker to face you when talking.	□ NEVER		□ SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
36.	Write down what you want to say.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
37.	Organize what you want to say in your mind before saying it.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY

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38. Give up and leave if conversing is too difficult.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	USUALLY
39. Repeat what you say word for word.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
40. Turn your ear towards the talker.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
41. Keep quiet to avoid the effort of conversing.	□ NEVER	RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
42. Avoid talking about unimportant things.	□ NEVER	RARELY	□ SOMETIMES	USUALLY
43. Mentally fill in the gaps or guess when you miss parts of the conversation.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
44. Use fewer words or simplify to get your message across.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY
45. Phrase a question so that only a few answers are possible.	□ NEVER	□ RARELY	SOMETIMES	□ USUALLY

Subscale items (NB three items each load two subscales)

- 1. Disen. 2,8,16,27,29,30,31,33,34,38,41,42 (12 items)
- 2. Opt. Sp. 3,4,7,9,11,15,19,24,35 (9 items)

3. Opt. Vol. 1,10,20,28,32,40 (6 items)

4. Antic./mitig. 12,17,36,37,39,44,45 (7 items)

5. Context. 9,15,18,21,22,23,43,45 (8 items)

6. Confirm. 5,6,13,14,25,26 (6 items)